# Image reconstruction in the visible

## F. Millour

#### with contributions from A. Labeyrie, D. Mourard, J. Schneider, F. Soulez, M. Tallon, I. Tallon-Bosc, T. ten Brummelaar, E. Thiébaut





#### Imaging with interferometry

Squared visibility (V<sup>2</sup>)



- If N<sub>tel</sub> > 2
  Closure phase
- If spectrograph Spectra, Differential phases, Differential visibility
- If well-sampled UV plane Image synthesis

#### Imaging with interferometry

Squared visibility (V<sup>2</sup>)



#### Image-reconstruction software



#### Image-reconstruction limits

#### Problems

- $N_{pixels} >> N_{observations}$
- Weak phases (1/3 information 3T)
- Bad UV sampling
- Convergence

#### Workarounds

- Regularization
- Prior
- Field-of-view
- Symmetries
- Spectral coverage
- Phase referencing





### Facilities

- VLTI
  - South hemisphere / 4T/4T or 8T(?)
  - Good UV coverage (reconfiguration)
  - Future NAOMI adaptive optics / current MACAO dichroic issue
  - Observation strategy / use IR WFS of GRAVITY ?
- CHARA
  - North hemisphere / 6T
  - Limited field of view (not enough short baselines)
  - Adaptive optics
- SUSI (?)
- PFI (?)

ullet

MROI (?) LAGRANGE



#### Limits: noise

Example : disk simulation « observed » with VLTI/AMBER
 Simulations AMBER

 $(sec{sec}_{20} 20)$ 0 - 200 - 2020 0 - 2020 0 - 200 - 20 0 - 20

Model



#### Simulations AMBER Reconstruction MIRA



#### Specific noises/biases to the visible ?

- Photon-counting  $\Rightarrow$  No closure phase !
- « Trou du centreur »
- Other specific bias source?





#### Limits: UV plane

CHARA report : Tuthill et al. Http://www.chara.gsu.edu/CHARA/Reports/tr86.pdf

Example : disk simulation « observed » with VLTI/AMBER



### How many telescopes for imaging ?

- CHARA report : Tuthill et al. Http://www.chara.gsu.edu/CHARA/Reports/tr86.pdf
- 4 strict minimum with supersynthesis & configurations
- CHARA experience : 6 minimum for snapshot imaging

- How many programs need snapshot imaging (« 4D » image reconstruction) ?
- What about speckle data ?





#### Que se passe-t-il lorsque l'on ajoute des longueurs d'ondes en interférométrie?

**CLEAN-like** 

#### Reconstruction d'images





)bservatoire Journée prospective interféro, F. Millour

11

## Multiwavelength imaging / model-fitting

- Self-calibration algorithm Millour et al. 2011
- ANR POLCA will provide chromatic algorithms
  - Understand noises Schutz et al. 2013
  - Develop new algorithms
    - PAINTER Schutz et al. 2014
    - MIRA3D work in progress Thiebaut

- Chromatic LITpro Tallon et al. 2014 SPIE
- FitOmatic prototype tool Millour et al. 2009 A&A
- SPIDAST Cruzalèbes et al. 2013 MNRAS





#### Multiwavelength imaging



#### Multiwavelength imaging



## Imaging with VEGA?

- VEGA can produce images (3/4T)
- 1<sup>st</sup> step: imaging tests on theta ori C
- 2<sup>nd</sup> step: propose dedicated imaging programs
  - Imaging the disk of a Be star
  - Imaging spotty stellar surfaces
  - Not yet feasible: Imaging a « Pinwheel » nebula in the visible
  - Other ideas?





#### Imaging with VEGA?

- VEGA can produce images (3/4T)
- 1<sup>st</sup> step: imaging tests on theta ori C
- 2<sup>nd</sup> step: propose dedicated imaging programs
  - Imaging the disk of a Be star
  - Imaging spotty stellar surfaces

#### Request for Observing Time at the CHARA Array For the Period April 1 – August 30, 2011 Type only within boxed areas immediately after hyphens

A. P.I. Name - Florentin Millour

B. Co-P.I. Names - Philippe Stee, Anthony Meilland, Omar Delaa

C. Observing Participants – Potentially all proposers

D. Proposal Title – Imaging the possibly warped disk of the Be star Kappa Draconis

**E** Abstract (Clearly and briefly state your scientific goals and indicate if this is a PhD thesis project) -

ıla

### Imaging the disk of Be stars a self-cal-friendly imaging program







#### Imaging the disk of Be stars

- CHARA/VEGA
  - V2 noise 0.05
  - CP noise 0.01
- 1 point every hour
- Good knowledge of errors





#### Imaging the disk of Be stars



#### Actual VEGA images !

Mourard et al. Submitted Be star Phi Persei





## Imaging the spotty surface of [supergiant] stars

Case-study proposed by A. Chiavassa, O. Delaa



## Imaging the spotty surface of [supergiant] stars

Case-study proposed by A. Chiavassa, O. Delaa



#### Influence of the star size



=> range of feasibility of stellar surfaces imaging with CHARA/VEGA: from 1 to 3 mas, but then magnitude limit problem





## Summary

- UV coverage
  - long AND short baselines
  - Ntel : 4 minimum, 6 better
- Facilities
  - CHARA <u>or</u> VLTI ?
  - CHARA and VLTI ?
- Spectro-interferometry highly recommended
  - Software do exist now : self-cal, PAINTER, fitOmatic, LITpro
  - Imaging with no or few closure phases is possible
- Low visibilities !
  - Baseline bootstrapping ?



