#### Improved line formation models // accurate stellar abundances

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#### Intro

# Why abundances?

- Long-lived information in abundances A(X), ratios [X/Y]
- Learn about
  - Stellar structure, evolution & nucleosynthesis
  - Supernova mechanisms & nucleosynthesis
  - **Exoplanet** formation & characterisation
  - Galaxy formation & evolution

## Reliable abundances?



- Information in absorption & emission lines
- Infer stellar parameters; abundances

### Reliable abundances?



- Prone to systematic modelling errors
- 1D vs 3D; LTE vs non-LTE

### 1D vs 3D





SST observations van der Voort 2006

3D hydro. simulation Collet+ 2018

### 1D vs 3D



SST observations van der Voort 2006

3D hydro. simulation Collet+ 2018

## 1D vs 3D



SST observations van der Voort 2006

1D simulation	
//	



## **3D granulation effects**



- Effects are apparent in high-resolution observations
- Even of stars ≠ Sun









- Need some model for energy partitioning
- Local thermodynamic equilibrium (LTE): neglect radiation



- Need some model for energy partitioning
- Local thermodynamic equilibrium (LTE): neglect radiation

## LTE vs non-LTE



#### Codes

## STAGGER



- 3D (magneto-)hydrodynamics
- 3D LTE radiative transfer with opacity binning

## BALDER

#### **Non-LTE contribution**



- Updated background opacities
- Efficient MPI parallelisation

- 3D multi-level non-LTE radiative transfer
- MALI preconditioning (R&H 1992)



#### **Results: solar abundances**

## Why care about the Sun?

- Only understand other stars as well as one understands the Sun
- Solar abundances
  - Key ingredient in solar/stellar/galactic models
  - Yardstick for understanding the cosmos
- Benchmark for spectroscopic models

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New physics via solar analyses Improved abundances of all stars

## Solar modelling problem



- Take a standard solar interior model based on spectroscopic abundances
- Compare against helioseismic measurements
- Disagree on structure of the solar interior (sound speed)

#### Interior sound speed





### Interior sound speed



# Solar modelling problem

- Problem is largest at base of convection zone
- Missing solar interior physics (extra mixing)?
- Missing interior opacities (Opacity Project / OPAL)?
- Too low **oxygen** (neon, iron, carbon, ...) **abundances**?
  - O, Ne, C are depleted in meteorites
  - Scrutinise non-LTE models of carbon and oxygen

#### Non-LTE model atoms



- Improved atomic data and realistic model atoms
- New: first principles inelastic X+H collisions

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![](_page_34_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_35_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_36_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_37_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_38_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_39_Figure_1.jpeg)

## Magnetic fields?

![](_page_40_Picture_1.jpeg)

- Sun displays evidence of magnetic fields
- "Quiet Sun" also has magnetic fields: 50-200G
- Need **3D MHD** simulations...

Movie credit: SDO, NASA

# Magnetic fields?

![](_page_41_Figure_1.jpeg)

Lowers oxygen abundance (slightly)

#### Solar abundances summary

- New 3D non-LTE results ~ consistent with old ones
  - Oxygen 777nm (Amarsi, Barklem+ 2018) 8.69 (8.69)
  - Also carbon lines (Amarsi, Barklem+ sub.) 8.44 (8.43)
- Full CNO analysis in prep.
- Validated models (collisions); apply to other stars...

#### Results: carbon/oxygen/iron GCE

# Why COFe?

- Three of the most abundant metals
- C/O important in exoplanet studies (in prep.)
- C, O, Fe are key GCE tracers (e.g. Tinsley 1979)
  - C & O from hydrostatic burning in massive stars
  - C also from **low/intermediate mass stars**
  - Fe from core-collapse and TypeIa supernovae

![](_page_45_Figure_0.jpeg)

- Upturn in [C/O] at low [O/H]
- Signature of first stars? Or rotation?

# [C/O] upturn?

![](_page_46_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Upturn in [C/O] at low [O/H]
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# [C/O] upturn?

![](_page_47_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Upturn in [C/O] at low [O/H]
- Signature of first stars? Or rotation?

# [C/O] upturn revisited

- First time: a "full" 3D non-LTE analysis
  - Both stellar parameters and abundances based on 3D non-LTE
  - 40 metal-poor turn-off halo stars (Nissen+ 2007)
- Easy to replicate method to large samples

#### A "full" 3D non-LTE analysis

![](_page_49_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Effective temperatures from 3D non-LTE Hβ lines
- Grid available: Amarsi, Nordlander+ 2018

#### A "full" 3D non-LTE analysis

![](_page_50_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Surface gravities from Gaia DR2
- [Fe/H] from 3D LTE Fe2 lines (non-LTE effects are small)

#### A "full" 3D non-LTE analysis

![](_page_51_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Carbon and oxygen from 3D non-LTE atomic lines
- High-excitation, near-IR: similar sensitivities

## [C/O] in halo stars

![](_page_52_Figure_1.jpeg)

## [C/O] in halo stars

![](_page_53_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_54_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_55_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_56_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_57_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_58_Figure_0.jpeg)

#### Extra results: potassium GCE

## Potassium GCE

- Potassium production is not completely understood
- Massive stars
  - Hydrostatic oxygen shell burning
  - **Explosive** oxygen burning
- Extra nucleosynthesis channels? (Kobayashi+ 2011; Prantzos+ 2018)

## Potassium GCE

![](_page_61_Figure_1.jpeg)

### Potassium GCE

![](_page_62_Figure_1.jpeg)

#### Extra results: atomic diffusion

## Atomic diffusion

![](_page_64_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Surface abundances depleted in turn-off stars
- Investigate in mono-populations: open clusters

### Atomic diffusion

![](_page_65_Figure_1.jpeg)

- Non-LTE: negative gradient 

   atomic diffusion(?)

![](_page_65_Picture_4.jpeg)

#### Conclusion

### Conclusion

- First principles inelastic X+H collisions, validated on solar CLV
- Solar C & O abundances largely unchanged
- 3D non-LTE effects can strongly alter abundance trends and thus our understanding of the Sun, stars, and our Galaxy